Perceptual differences regarding health and environmental problems and their remedies in two states of the former Czechoslovakia

Šlachtová H.1, Avdičová M.2, Tvrdík J.3, Fletcher T.4, Dusseldorp A.5, Kolarova D.6, Farkas I.7, Zycinska J.8, Gurzau E.9, Minca D.10, Ball D.11, Jones K.4, Lebret E.5, Woudenberg F.12

1 Regional Institute of Hygiene, Ostrava, Czech Republic
2 State Institute of Public Health, Banská Bystrica, Slovak Republic
3 University of Ostrava, Ostrava, Czech Republic
4 London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, London, United Kingdom
5 National Institute of Public Health and the Environment, Bilthoven, The Netherlands
6 National Centre of Hygiene, Sofia, Bulgaria
7 National Institute of Environmental Health, Budapest, Hungary
8 Institute of Occupational Medicine and Environmental Health, Sosnowiec, Poland
9 Environmental Health Centre, Cluj-Napoca, Romania
10 Institute of Public Health, Bucharest, Romania
11 Centre for Decision Analysis and Risk Management, Middlesex University, London, United Kingdom
12 Municipal Health Service, Rotterdam, The Netherlands

Summary

In the framework of the Central European Study on Air pollution and Respiratory Health (CESAR), a risk perception and risk communication study was carried out in a total of 25 areas in Bulgaria, the Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, Romania and the Slovak Republic. This paper is focused on the differences of perception between the Czech (CR) and the Slovak Republic (SR), and the other involved countries. The analysis is based on the data of a structured risk perception questionnaire survey of a random population sample. 6,043 completed questionnaires were collected from the total number of 14,400 distributed ones in 25 areas of the 6 countries. The risk perception was different in the CR and the SR, mainly concerning local environment and health of children in the CR and drug abuse including alcohol consumption and AIDS in the SR. In both countries environmental and health problems were seen as important, but the perceived responsibility for finding a solution was placed with different kinds of institutions.

Key words: risk perception, risk communication, priorities, health and environmental problems, CEE countries

Address for correspondence: H. Šlachtova, Regional Institute of Hygiene, Partyzanské nám. 7, 728 92 Ostrava, Czech Republic, E-mail: hana.slachtova@khsova.cz